14. y is inversely proportional to x.

When x = 3, y = 24.

(a) Find a formula for y in terms of x.

Hence, or otherwise,

2

(b) (i) calculate the value of y when x = 6,

 \mathcal{H}

(ii) calculate the value of x when y = 4.8

13. *y* is directly proportional to the square of *x*.

When x = 4, y = 25.

(b)

(a) Find an expression for y in terms of x.

(3)

 $\mathbf{s}_{_{24}}$

y=.....

y =

(3)

(1)

......

(c) Calculate x when y = 9.

Calculate *y* when x = 2.

(2)

17. The kinetic energy, E joules, of an object moving with a speed v m/s, is directly proportional to v^2 .

The kinetic energy of the object is 15 480 joules when its speed is 6 m/s.

(a) Find a formula for E in terms of v.

38

(b) Find the speed of the object when its kinetic energy is 8707.5 joules.

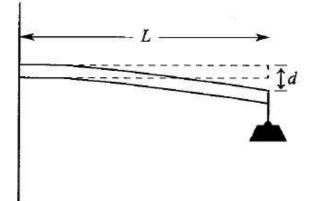
- 14. y is inversely proportional to x^2 . y = 3 when x = 4.
 - (a) Write y in terms of x.

y = (3)

(3)

1.0

(b) Calculate the value of y when x = 5.



A weight is hung at the end of a beam of length L. This causes the end of the beam to drop a distance d. d is directly proportional to the cube of L. d = 20 when L = 150.

(a) Find a formula for d in terms of L.

 $d = \dots$ (3 marks)

(b) Calculate the value of L when d = 15.

 $L = \dots$ (2 marks)