

PERCENTAGE INCREASE AND DECREASE

Note Title

28/09/2009

Finding the percentage

$$\text{Percentage increase} = \frac{\text{Actual increase}}{\text{Original amount}} \times 100$$

(or we could replace 'increase' by 'decrease')

Examples

- ① The price of a coat has increased from £60 to £65. What is the percentage increase?

$$\frac{5}{60} \times 100 = \underline{\underline{8.3\%}}$$

- ② A piece of wood 3 metres long shrinks by 1cm when it dries out. What is the percentage decrease in length?

units must match

$$\frac{1 \text{ cm}}{300 \text{ cm}} \times 100 = \underline{\underline{0.3\%}}$$

Finding the Amount

The ORIGINAL amount is always 100%

Examples

- ① A CD player is reduced by 15% in a sale. The sale price is £42.50. What was the original price?

	Amount	%age
Original	x	100%
New	42.50	85%

$$\frac{x}{42.50} = \frac{100}{85}$$

$$(\times 42.50) \qquad (\times 42.50)$$

$$x = 42.50 \times \frac{100}{85}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{£50}}$$

- ② A computer is advertised as costing "£380 + VAT". What will the full price be if VAT is 15%.

	Amount	%age
Original	380	100
New	x	115

$$\frac{x}{380} = \frac{115}{100}$$

(always have 'x'
on the top)

$$x = 380 \times \frac{115}{100}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{£437}}$$

Compound Percentages

Example A building society savings account adds 3% interest each year. Anna has £400 in her account. If she doesn't pay any more money in, how much will she have in:

- (a) 1 year
- (b) 2 years
- (c) 3 years
- (d) 10 years

(a)

	Amount	% age
Original	400	100
New	x	103

$$\frac{x}{400} = \frac{103}{100}$$

$$x = 400 \times \frac{103}{100}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{£412}}$$

$$(b) \quad 412 \times \frac{103}{100} = \pounds 424.36$$

$$(c) \quad 424.36 \times \frac{103}{100} = \pounds 437.09$$

$$(d) \quad 400 \times \frac{103}{100} \times \frac{103}{100} \times \frac{103}{100} \times \dots \times \frac{103}{100}$$

10 years

$$= 400 \times \left(\frac{103}{100} \right)^{10}$$

$$= \pounds \underline{\underline{537.57}}$$